

# SACRAMENTO DAILY RECORD-UNION.

DAILY UNION SERIES VOL. LVI.—NO. 2559.  
DAILY RECORD SERIES VOL. XXIV.—NO. 1555.

SACRAMENTO, TUESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 8, 1881.

DAILY RECORD UNION SERIES,  
VOLUME XIV—NUMBER 68.

THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.  
Entered at the Post Office at Sacramento as second class matter.

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Sacramento Publishing Company.  
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THE DAILY RECORD-UNION  
Published every day of the week, Sundays excepted.  
For one year.....\$10.00  
For six months.....\$5.00  
For three months.....\$3.00  
Ten copies one year, to one address.....\$0.00

Subscribers sent by carriers at 2½ cents per copy, will receive 100 copies per month, and the paper can be had of the principal Periodical Dealers, Booksellers and Agents.

ADVERTISING RATES IN DAILY RECORD-UNION.

One Square, 3 times.....\$1.00  
One Square, 2 times.....\$1.25  
One Square, 3 times.....\$1.50  
Two Squares, 3 times.....\$2.00  
Three Squares, 3 times.....\$2.50  
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Six Squares, 3 times.....\$4.00  
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Eight Squares, 3 times.....\$5.00  
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Twelve weeks.....\$6.50  
Thirteen weeks.....\$7.00  
Fourteen weeks.....\$7.50  
Fifteen weeks.....\$8.00  
Sixteen weeks.....\$8.50  
Seventeen weeks.....\$9.00  
Eighteen weeks.....\$9.50  
Nineteen weeks.....\$10.00  
Twenty weeks.....\$10.50  
Twenty-one weeks.....\$11.00  
Twenty-two weeks.....\$11.50  
Twenty-three weeks.....\$12.00  
Twenty-four weeks.....\$12.50  
Twenty-five weeks.....\$13.00  
Twenty-six weeks.....\$13.50  
Twenty-seven weeks.....\$14.00  
Twenty-eight weeks.....\$14.50  
Twenty-nine weeks.....\$15.00  
Twenty weeks, 3 times per week, twenty-five cents each for each insertion.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF FIVE LINES OR LESS, WILL BE INDEXED IN THE DAILY RECORD-UNION AS FOLLOWS:

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Twenty-eight Squares, 3 times.....\$15.00

WE REPRESENT IN OUR ADVERTISEMENTS

HALE BROS. & CO.

## Do Men Read Advertisements?

We believe they do, but we also believe that experience has taught them to discount about 50 per cent. of what is generally represented. We do not propose to inflate this to allow for paring down.

## WE REPRESENT IN OUR ADVERTISEMENTS

ONLY WHAT

## We are prepared to prove at our Counters!!

When we say that we are selling MEN'S CLOTHING, ETC., CHEAPER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE ON THIS COAST, we are here to PROVE IT, and only ask you to give us an opportunity of doing so. The question naturally suggests itself:

## "HOW CAN HALE BROS. & CO. DEFY ALL COMPETITION?"

THE ANSWER IS SIMPLY THIS:

## WE WEAR THE COLLAR OF NO WHOLESALE HOUSE!

THAT IS,

## WE PAY CASH

FOR

## OUR GOODS!

And, further, we own our stores, and are satisfied with small profits.

The extraordinary growth of

## Our Dry Goods Department!

Proves that our manner of conducting business has some merit.

WE PREDICT FOR OUR

## Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Department

Equal success. Give us your confidence; we will not abuse it. Come out of curiosity, and see our stock. It is selected, and suitable to the requirements of all, from the Banker to the Laborer.

## MEN'S DIAGONAL SUITS.....\$5.00

## BASKET CLOTH SUITS (nicely bound).....\$6.50

## MOHAIR SUITS.....\$6.00

## ENGLISH CHEVIOT.....\$7.50

## DARK GRAY, ALL-WOOL CASSIMERE.....\$10.00

## CHINCHILLA OVERCOATS (Velvet Collar).....\$7.00

## CHINCHILLA ULSTERS (Good Length).....\$8.50

WE ALSO HAVE IN THE FINER GRADES OF CLOTHING:

**DOESKIN, FRENCH AND ENGLISH DIAGONALS,  
SCOTCH AND ENGLISH CHEVIOTS,  
FRENCH AND AMERICAN CASSIMERE,  
MOHAIRES, ETC., ETC.**

## OUR STOCK OF GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS IS LARGE,

And no trouble will be experienced in making selections to suit the requirements of all.

## OUR STOCK OF SCARFS

Will be found to be the largest in this city, and we question whether there is a better assortment in any house on the coast.

## THE LATEST ADDITION TO OUR ESTABLISHMENT,

THAT OF

## Men's Boots & Shoes!

Is every day growing more and more in public favor.

Call and get our prices, and we venture to assert that you will be forced to admit the reason why our GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT is so far in advance of all competition.

A few easily put-up FIRE-PROOF Suits. Does not stick to them; hence does not burn out. Can be placed anywhere in the house. Cost less than any other.

FOR SALE—  
**HOBBY & SMITH,**  
No. 217 J street, bet. Tenth and Fourth, Sacramento.

111-1pm

**STAR MILLS AND MALT HOUSE.**  
NEUBORG & LAGES,

No. 50, 52 and 54 FIFTH ST., SACRAMENTO.

Manufacturers in Produce and Brewers' Supplies.

Manufacturers of Malt, Beer, Wine, etc.

Oats, Corn, Cracked Wheat, Graham Flour, Buckwheat Flour, etc. New Grain, Bars for sale.

107-1pm

**SACRAMENTO FLOUR MILLS**

C. McCREARY & CO.

These Mills are now in operation, and are making a superior grade of FLOUR, orders solicited.

107-1pm

**Terra Cotta Chimney Pipe**

ARE FIRE-PROOF.

A few easily put-up FIRE-PROOF Suits. Does not stick to them; hence does not burn out. Can be placed anywhere in the house. Cost less than any other.

FOR SALE—  
**HOBBY & SMITH,**  
No. 217 J street, bet. Tenth and Fourth, Sacramento.

111-1pm

**SALT LAKE POTATOES.**

JUST RECEIVED ON CONSIGNMENT—A few lots of White Neshamkin Potatoes. For sale in lots to suit, C. A. P. Co., 921 N street, Sacramento.

107-1pm

**THE PIONEER BOX FACTORY**

Still ahead of all competitors.

**COOKE & SON**

Corner of Ninth and K Streets, Sacramento.

111-1pm

**HALE BROS. & CO.,**

Grand Central Depot,

CORNER OF NINTH AND K STREETS, SACRAMENTO.

MECHANICS' STORE.

For Advertisement of WEIN-STOCK & LUBIN, see Second Page. It will be changed daily.

SAN FRANCISCO CARDS.

SAN FRANCISCO

Business Directory

ARTISTS.

Houseworth—Optician and Photographer, No. 15 Montgomery street. Established in 1851.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS, ETC.

Business College and Telegraphic Institute—Life, Science, Mathematics, etc. Located on corner of 1st and T. A. Robinson, Proprietors, No. 329 Post street, opposite Union Square, S. F., Cal. Send for Circular.

BAUDRILLARD, V. A.—Import and Manufacture Chromos, Engravings, Brochures, Postals, Statuary and Artist's Materials. No. 857 Market street.

BUSINESS COLLEGES.

Head's Business College or Telegraphic Institute—Life, Science, Mathematics, etc. Located on corner of 1st and T. A. Robinson, Proprietors, No. 329 Post street, opposite Union Square, S. F., Cal. Send for Circular.

BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, VEGETABLES,

Fruit, Fish and General Produce.

237-1pm

LIV. & BARNS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN

Product, Vegetables, Butter, Eggs, Cheese,

Poultry, Game and Dry Fruits, Honey, Beans, etc.

ALFAFA SEED.

PPotatoes in car-load lots or less.

Nos. 21 and 23 J street.

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, ETC.

GRUHLER'S SAMPLE ROOMS,

No. 522 J street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,

ESTABLISHED IN 1856, AND STILL

Maintains the same reputation in keeping the Best Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Cakes, etc.

JOHN GRUHLER.

BEER-HIVE.

CASH GROCERY STORE—GROCERIES AND

provisions, grain and ground feed of every kind.

WHOLESALE DRUGS.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS.

A. BREWER & CO.—Wholesale Dealers in Druggists' and Proprietary Goods.

GENERAL DRUGGIST, etc.

JOHN G. BREWER, Proprietor, No. 121 K street.

DRUGGISTS & MEDICAL SURGEONS.

## THE DAILY RECORD-UNION.

TUESDAY NOVEMBER 8, 1881

Meteorological Observations Taken at Each Station at the Same Moment.

SACRAMENTO, November 7, 1881—5:30 P.M.

STATION	TIME	WEATHER	TEMPERATURE
Olympia	5:30 A.M.	S. Gentle	56°
Petaluma	5:30 A.M.	S. Gentle	56°
Roseburg	5:30 A.M.	S. W. Gentle	56°
Red Bluff	5:30 A.M.	S. Gentle	56°
Sacramento	5:30 A.M.	S. W. 12 Frsh.	56°
San Francisco	5:30 A.M.	S. E. Gentle	56°
Visalia	5:30 A.M.	S. Gentle	56°
San Diego	5:30 A.M.	S. Gentle	56°
Maximum temperature, 65°; minimum, 45°. River above low-water mark, 7 ft. 1 in.			
JAMES A. EARWICK,			
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. A.			

## Weather Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, November 7th—midnight.—Indications for Pacific coast regions: Clear weather, except in Oregon and Washington Territory, where light rains will occur.

## THIS MORNING'S NEWS.

In New York Government bonds are quoted at 116 for 4s of 1877; 113 for 4s; 101½ for 2½ sterling; \$141½ for 1881; silver bars, 115½.

Silver in London, 51 14/16d; consols, 93 13/16d; 5 per cent. United States bonds, extended, 105; 4s, 110½; 4s, 116½.

In San Francisco, half dollars are quoted at 1 dollar.

Mines and ports were quite quiet.

In San Francisco yesterday morning, and prices showed but little change from Saturday. In most cases values assumed a lower level, but Utah and Alas managed to stiffen up a little. The improved price of Sierra Nevada and Hals &amp; Norcross was due to the assessment.

The Stocktonians are determined that the Sunday law shall be strictly observed.

On Thursday next Garda and Olivais will be sentenced at San Buenaventura for murder—the former to be hanged and the latter to life imprisonment.

WILLIAM A. T. is to be abandoned as headquarters on the 10th inst.

H. H. Faxon, the brakeman injured at Benicia Sunday, has since died.

State elections occur in New York, Pennsylvania and Virginia to-day.

The opera house at Joplin, Mo., was burned Sunday night, the Big Four Minstrels being heavy losers.

The annual meeting of the Illinois Fat Stock Show is in progress at Chicago.

On the 1st of last year, English exports show an increase of £2,500,000, and the imports an increase of £3,371,252.

Another business failure is reported at Newark, N. J., in consequence of the bank trouble there.

Fire at Hampton, N. Y.; also at Danville, Ky., and at Ruby Hill, Nev.

A conductor and engineer on a Kentucky railroad have been indicted for murder, for recklessly causing the death of five men.

A man is causing trouble at Tiffin, O.

A shocking case of suffering at sea is reported from Boston.

Epidemic cholera fever is still committing frightful ravages in India.

Bismarck has sued one of his opponents for slander.

A statue of Lord Byron has been unveiled at Missolonghi, Greece, where he died.

A stage was robbed by masked men near Sonoma, Calif., on a rainy morning, the highway getting nearly \$1,000.

The sheriff of Nevada county is shooting off the water from the hydraulic mines in that section.

Cass Dumont, 11 years old, accidentally and dangerously shot himself near Woodland Sunday.

A field fire is doing great damage in the hills back of Oakland.

Two barns and other property were destroyed by fire near Niles, Alameda county, yesterday.

General Sherman still urges the repeal of the law limiting the army to 25,000.

The city of Plymouth, Mass., the finest in the State, was burned yesterday.

Frank Johnson is on trial at Nevada City for the murder of John Noyes.

The proclamation of President Arthur, appointing a day for thanksgiving and prayer, will be found among our dispatches this morning.

At Willow, Colusa county, the Sunday law was observed, and clever saloon-keepers attended church.

The Courts have decided that Hailley, and not Belgrave, is the county seat of Alturas county, Idaho.

The funeral of Alexander McDonald, member of Parliament, was attended by an immense concourse at New Monkland, Scotland, yesterday.

The field trials at Gilroy, under the auspices of the Gilroy Rod and Gun Club, began yesterday.

Casimir Baldwin has been released at Newark, N. J., on \$100,000 bail.

## WANTED—A CHRISTMAS STORY.

The RECORD-UNION will pay fifty dollars (\$50) for the best Christmas Story, not less than ten nor more than fifteen columns in length. To assist competitors in gauging the length of their composition, we will publish the first few columns of the type which the story is to be sent containing over 1,000 words, and that a local paper contains 100 words. Those who wish to compete for the prize will be free to choose their own subject and to place their stories wherever they please. The stories must be delivered at the RECORD-UNION office by the 15th of December, in order to allow sufficient time for their examination. This is a good opportunity for aspiring authors who feel that they would be better for a little extra pocket-money at Christmas.

## TO AGENTS.

Large extra editions of the issue of the WEEKLY UNION on the daily RECORD-UNION, containing the general news and several minor stories, to be commenced November 1st, will be printed. Back numbers of the papers containing the story fronts from commencement can therefore be had at any time during its publication.

## THE HOBOKEN FIRE.

Half a million dollars' worth of property was destroyed at Hoboken the other night, because the Mayor and the fire department happened to be involved in a quarrel.

When the alarm was turned in all the fire engines were found to have been put out of gear, and the Chief Engineer refused to let them go to the fire until the Mayor agreed to certain concessions for the department.

In this way an hour was wasted, and when at length the engines went to the fire it had become uncontrollable. This is a striking illustration of the effects of politics upon a fire department. The Hoboken fire department ought, under a rational system of government, to have been a well drilled organization, devoted entirely to the work for which it was paid, and interested in nothing else. Had it been that kind of body it would have gone to the fire the instant the alarm was turned in, and it would have no doubt saved the wharf. A fire department ought to have no more to do with politics than a bakery has, and when politics control such an organization it produces effects of the kind here seen. We suppose nothing will be done with the Chief who coolly allowed half a million of property to be burned rather than forgo the gratification of a political grudge against the Mayor, but if justice was obtainable in such cases he would get at least ten years in the State Prison, and nothing less would be an adequate punishment of his crime.

## RATHER DOUBTFUL.

Secretary Blaine is said to have remarked to a friend the other day that he was discharged cured of the Presidential fever.

But even though Mr. Blaine himself may at present believe this, it cannot be credited. Tradition says that those who have once had this affection never recover from it, but carry the yearning with them to their graves. Secretary Blaine may take his place with the disappointed Presidential aspirants who have passed away (and in doing so he will be associated with some of the noblest company in the world), but we do not believe that he will find it possible to abandon hope for the prize until the final moment arrives which forces every man to realize "this is the end."

The new Congregational Church building at Auburn is rapidly assuming completion.

## THE STUDY OF LATIN.

A very solemn and fervid defense of the study of Latin has recently been put forth by a Pacific coast teacher. It is very natural that one who has taught Latin for years should think such teaching indispensable, but we believe it to be demonstrable that the reluctance with which the study of the dead languages is relinquished is a consequence of thraldom to the spirit of the past. When the Dark Ages had passed away, and the so-called revival of learning had occurred, it was to Greece and Rome that the inspiring mind turned. There was then no idea of a new departure from the standpoint of the age. Everybody regarded the world as having sunk into degradation, and everybody agreed that the only way to redeem it from this degradation was to revive the learning of the ancients. Thus the eyes of many came to be fixed upon the past instead of upon the future, and all tendencies toward the origination of new and broader ideas were prevented by the rapidly increasing intellectual servility of the time to Greece and Rome. And though it may be admitted that the standards then adopted were far in advance of anything existing at the close of the Dark Ages, it is not less true that the result of accepting those standards was to produce a Chinese kind of culture, which gradually became absorbed in form and style, and cared less and less for matter. The one effect to the mischief thus caused lay in the employment of Latin as the language of the highest civilization and of science. This practice undoubtedly did much to diffuse the learning of the time, and to promote intellectual friction; but it is also to be observed that the learning of the time was after all a comparatively barren and frivolous learning, and that it was so principally because of the paralyzing influence of the classical infatuation which prevailed.

The central tendency of the Renaissance, however, namely the tendency to look backward for guidance and information instead of forward, has deeply affected European culture from that day to this. The extreme reverence for Latin and Greek has long since ceased to be much more than a survival from barbarism, for the world has turned round within the past century; has ceased to contemplate the past, and has its gaze bent upon the present and the future. The past cannot help this generation to the solution of any of the problems which are before it. Modern science has thrust the philosophy of the schoolmen and the speculations of the ancients into the background. Men are realizing more every day that it is not by means of a solid foundation of good domestics and to-day the American Humorist knows that he can always create a laugh by describing the same kind of difficulties. Apparently little or no progress has been made in this direction, and yet to the clear-sighted philosopher it is plain enough that herein lies one of the most momentous problems of civilization, and next only in importance to that of Cooking Reform.

## THE JAPANESE SILK WAR.

A quarrel has broken out between the Japanese silk-growers and the foreign merchants about the methods of preparing and selling the staple. The Japanese appear to have committed the extraordinary audacity of making their own rules and regulations, instead of going and asking the foreigners to do it for them. They have also been so impudent as to make regulations which are to their own advantage, instead of leaving all the profits to the foreigners. And because of these things the foreigners are exceedingly indignant, and no doubt if they can impress their Government with the importance of the matter, foreign men-of-war will be sent to Japan, and her men will be bombarded, and her innocent people killed, because they would not submit quietly to be cheated.

This is precisely what England did with China in the opinion war, and it is nearly all that any real good can be done. The Japanese are exceeding ignorant, and so doubt if they can impress their Government with the importance of the matter, foreign men-of-war will be sent to Japan, and her men will be bombarded, and her innocent people killed, because they would not submit quietly to be cheated. This is precisely what England did with China in the opinion war, and it is nearly all that any real good can be done. The Japanese are exceeding ignorant, and so doubt if they can impress their Government with the importance of the matter, foreign men-of-war will be sent to Japan, and her men will be bombarded, and her innocent people killed, because they would not submit quietly to be cheated. This is precisely what England did with China in the opinion war, and it is nearly all that any real good can be done. 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## GENERAL NEWS.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES TO THE RECORD-  
UNION.

### MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

Further Proceedings in the Star Route  
Prosecutions.

### THE COMING STATE ELECTIONS.

Destruction by Fire in Different Local-  
ities.

### THE MODOC INDIANS AND THE QUAKERS.

Trouble Between the Police and a Mob in  
Ohio.

### MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS OF FOREIGN NEWS.

Parmel Once More on the Irish Land  
Question.

Etc. Etc. Etc.

### DOMESTIC.

The President's Thanksgiving Proclama-  
tion.

WASHINGTON, November 7th.—The Presi-  
dent has issued the following proclamation:

It has long been a pleasant custom of our people, with the closing of the year, to look back upon the past with thankfulness to the God who has given us the seasons, and to return solemn thanks to all, giving the source from whom they flow, and although at the same time we are not always in a position to do so, that we have indeed at hand, our nation still lies in the shadow of the great beneficence and favor which his goodness has vouchsafed to our country and people. We cannot, however, forget the many trials and difficulties which have come to us, and we have turned toward the God before whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication, yet the countless benefits which have shown themselves to us during the two months past, have been far greater than those we could have expected, and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness to the God who has been so bountifully manifested in our country and people. We cannot, however, forget the many trials and difficulties which have come to us, and we have turned toward the God before whom we but lately bowed in grief and supplication, yet the countless benefits which have shown themselves to us during the two months past, have been far greater than those we could have expected, and make it fitting that we should rejoice with thankfulness to the God who has been so bountifully manifested in our country and people. The abundant privileges of the freedom which our fathers left us in their wisdom are still our inheritance, and we must ever strive to worthy the same, and to do our duty to our God and to our country. In witness whereof I have signed this Proclamation.

CHAS. A. ARTHUR.  
By the President,  
James G. Blaine,  
Secretary of State.

### Miscellaneous Washed-up Items.

WASHINGTON, November 7th.—In the star route cases to-day argument was resumed on the motion to quash the information. Cook opposed it.

For Assistant Postmaster-General Hatton has returned to Washington and resumed charge of his office. He will act as Postmaster-General during James' absence.

The Internal Revenue Department does not favor the fifty-cent tax on whisky, but General Connelly, the Commissioner, says it is directly. His report will show the revenues derived and that a reduction of the tax will cut down the income without benefiting the producers. The tax is to be imposed on distilled spirits, and will not affect beer or wine.

The movement for a minimum wage among the middlemen, who would make all the profits on the whisky trade. They also oppose reduction, as it would demoralize the trade, since millions of dollars were in hand, and knew that the public interest of the movement, with plenty of money. The Treasury and Internal Revenue office will fight it.

Cook will make a personal explanation in the Criminal Court this morning, that he had not been consulted by the Attorney-General in the preparation of the star route cases, and was not consulted for them. On September 6th he was called to speak, and said if he had any business for the Grand Jury in connection with the star route cases. The Attorney-General said since the President's assassination he had not considered it, and knew nothing about it. Cook will speak directly. His report will show the revenues derived and that a reduction of the tax will cut down the income without benefiting the producers. The tax is to be imposed on distilled spirits, and will not affect beer or wine.

The meeting of the House of Commons on the 25th of September he called on Cook to see MacVeach, to sign the criminal information, and the protest against the informations made against him and his son. MacVeach would state the facts it would silence them.

**Politics in New York City.**

NEW YORK, November 7th.—The Herald and Telegram profess to have discovered evidence of extensive and corrupt bargains between Tammany Hall and the local Republican leaders.

The former says:—The Boss is trading off all his other candidates to the Republicans, in hopes to obtain control of the Board of Aldermen and Blackwell Mayor Graces as one of the middlemen, who would make all the profits on the whisky trade. They also oppose reduction, as it would demoralize the trade, since millions of dollars were in hand, and knew that the public interest of the movement, with plenty of money. The Treasury and Internal Revenue office will fight it.

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**Ladies**

Do you want a pure, blooming Complexion? If so, a few applications of Hagan's MAGNOLIA BALM will gratify you to your heart's content. It does away with Saltiness, Redness, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases and imperfections of the skin. It overcomes the flushed appearance of heat, fatigue and excitement. It makes a lady of THIRTY appear but TWENTY; and so natural, gradual, and perfect are its effects, that it is impossible to detect its application.

**Advised From Paris.**

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